

Sensitivity of the optimal solution in variational data assimilation for the sea thermodynamics model

V.Agoshkov, V.Shutyaev, E.Parmuzin

*Institute of Numerical Mathematics,
Russian Academy of Sciences,
Moscow, Russia*

Thermodynamics equations

$$T_t + (U, \text{Grad})T - \text{Div}(\hat{a}_T \cdot \text{Grad } T) = f_T \text{ in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$T = T_0 \text{ for } t = t_0 \text{ on } D,$$

$$-\nu_T \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = Q \text{ on } \Gamma_s \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial N_T} = 0 \text{ on } \Gamma_{w,c} \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$U_n^{(-)}T + \frac{\partial T}{\partial N_T} = U_n^{(-)}d_T + Q_T \text{ on } \Gamma_{w,op} \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial N_T} = 0 \text{ on } \Gamma_H \times (t_0, t_1).$$

Operator formulation of the forward problem

$$\begin{aligned} T_t + L T &= F + B Q, \quad t \in (t_0, t_1), \\ T &= T_0, \quad \text{for } t = t_0, \end{aligned}$$

in a weak sense:

$$(T_t, \hat{T}) + (LT, \hat{T}) = F(\hat{T}) + (BQ, \hat{T}) \quad \forall \hat{T} \in W_2^1(D),$$

and L, F, B , are defined by

$$(LT, \hat{T}) \equiv \int_D (-T \operatorname{Div}(\bar{U} \hat{T})) + \int_{\Gamma_{w,op}} \bar{U}_n^{(+)} T \hat{T} d\Gamma + \int_D \hat{a}_r \operatorname{Grad}(T) \cdot \operatorname{Grad}(\hat{T}) dD,$$

$$F(\hat{T}) = \int_{\Gamma_{w,op}} (Q_T + \bar{U}_n^{(-)} d_T) \hat{T} dT + \int_D f_T \hat{T} dD, \quad (T_t, \hat{T}) = \int_D T_t \hat{T} dD, \quad (BQ, \hat{T}) = \int_{\Omega} Q \hat{T} |_{z=0} d\Omega.$$

SST data assimilation problem

$$\begin{cases} T_t + LT = F + BQ & \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1), \\ T = T_0 & \text{for } t = t_0, \\ J(Q) = \inf_Q J(Q), \end{cases}$$

$$J(Q) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_{\Omega} \alpha |Q - Q^{(0)}|^2 d\Omega dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_{\Omega} m_0 |T|_{z=0} - T_{\text{obs}}|^2 d\Omega dt.$$

The optimality system:

$$T_t + LT = F + BQ \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$T = T_0 \quad \text{for } t = t_0,$$

$$-(T^*)_t + L^*T^* = Bm_0(B^*T - T_{\text{obs}}) \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$T^* = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_1,$$

$$\alpha(Q - Q^{(0)}) + T^* = 0 \quad \text{on } \Omega \times (t_0, t_1),$$

Input errors

$$Q^{(0)} = \bar{Q} + \xi_1, T_{\text{obs}} = \bar{T}|_{z=0} + \xi_2,$$

where $\delta T = T - \bar{T}$, $\delta Q = Q - \bar{Q}$ and

$$\bar{T}_t + L\bar{T} = F + B\bar{Q} \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\bar{T} = T_0 \quad \text{for } t = t_0.$$

System for the errors

$$\delta T_t + L\delta T = B\delta Q \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\delta T = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_0,$$

$$-(T^*)_t + L^*T^* = Bm_0(B^*\delta T - \xi_2) \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$T^* = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_1,$$

$$\alpha(\delta Q - \xi_1) + T^* = 0 \quad \text{on } \Omega \times (t_0, t_1).$$

Auxiliary minimization problem

$$\begin{cases} \delta T_t + L\delta T = B\delta Q & \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1), \\ \delta T = 0 & \text{for } t = t_0, \\ S(\delta Q) = \inf_Q S(Q), \end{cases}$$

$$S(\delta Q) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_{\Omega} \alpha |\delta Q - \xi_1|^2 d\Omega dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_{\Omega} m_0 |\delta T|_{z=0} - \xi_2|^2 d\Omega dt.$$

Hessian of the functional

$$\psi_t + L\psi = Bv \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\psi = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_0,$$

$$-(\psi^*)_t + L^*\psi^* = Bm_0B^*\psi \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\psi^* = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_1,$$

$$Hv = \alpha v + \psi^* \quad \text{on } \Omega \times (t_0, t_1).$$

Error control equation

$$H \delta Q = R_1 \xi_1 + R_2 \xi_2.$$

$$R_1 = \alpha E, R_2 \xi_2 = \theta^* |_{z=0},$$

$$-(\theta^*)_t + L^* \theta^* = B m_0 \xi_2 \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1), \\ \theta^* = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_1.$$

The optimal solution error:

$$\delta Q = T_1 \xi_1 + T_2 \xi_2, \quad T_1 = H^{-1} R_1, T_2 = H^{-1} R_2.$$

Sensitivity coefficients

$$r_1 = \sqrt{\|T_1^* T_1\|}, \quad r_2 = \sqrt{\|T_2^* T_2\|}$$

$$r_1 = \frac{\alpha}{\mu_{\min}}, \quad r_2 = \sqrt{\|(H - \alpha E)H^{-2}\|}.$$

Fundamental control functions

$$(\varphi_k)_t + L\varphi_k = Bv_k \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

$$\varphi_k = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_0,$$

$$-(\varphi_k^*)_t + L^*\varphi_k^* = Bm_0B^*\varphi_k \quad \text{in } D \times (t_0, t_1),$$

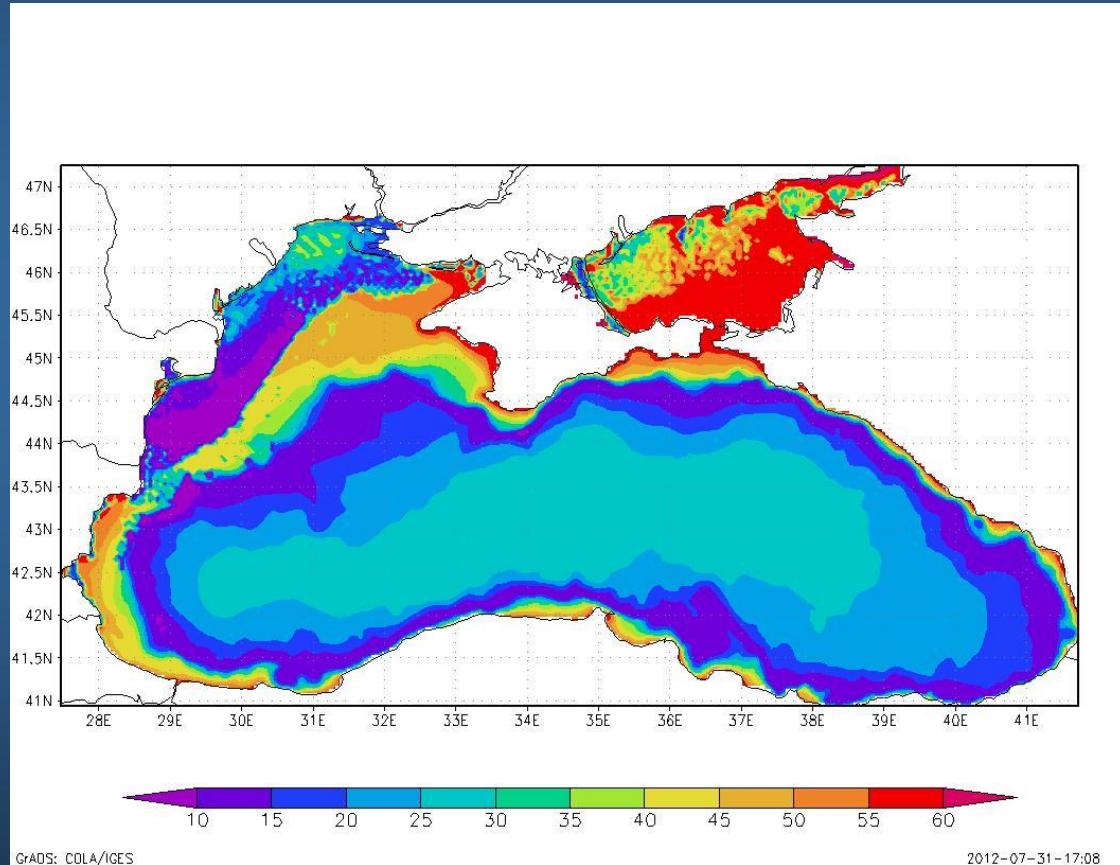
$$\varphi_k^* = 0 \quad \text{for } t = t_1,$$

$$\alpha v_k + \varphi_k^* = \mu_k v_k \quad \text{on } \Omega \times (t_0, t_1).$$

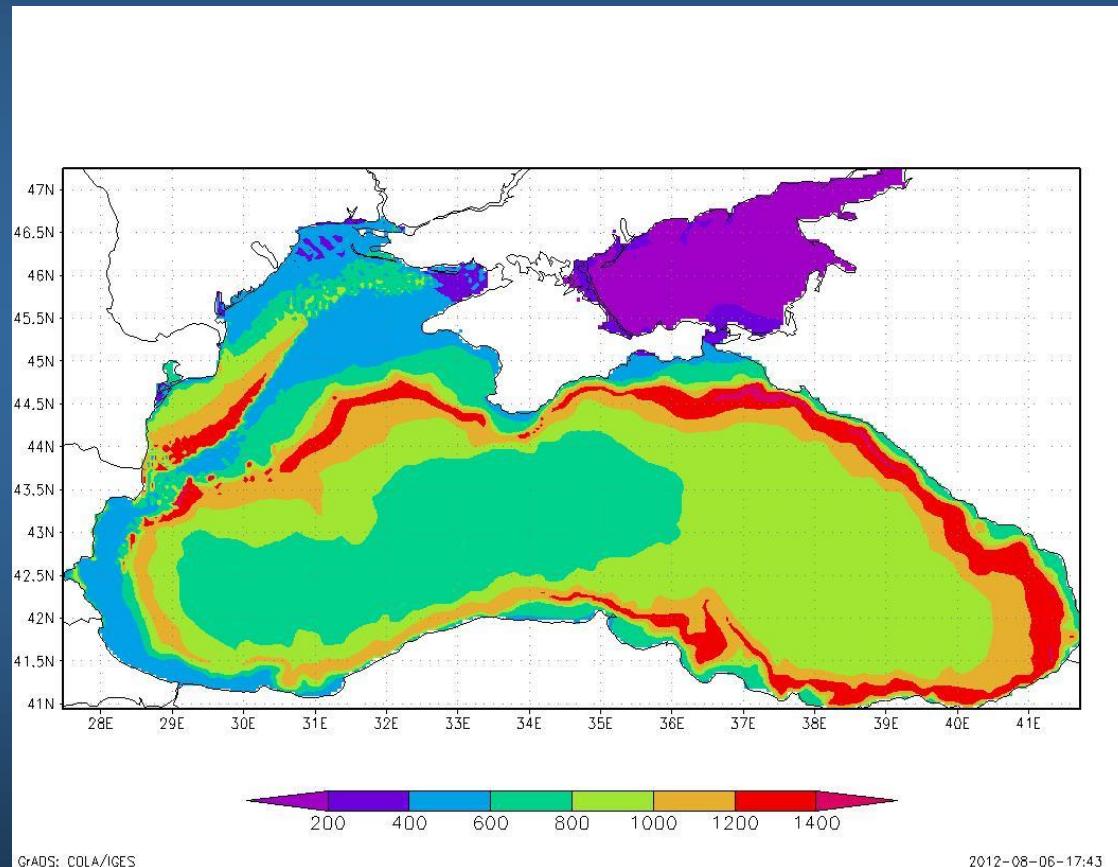
Singular vectors:

$$T_2^* T_2 w_k = \sigma_k^2 w_k, \quad w_k = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_k - \alpha}} \varphi_k |_{z=0}, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots \quad \sigma_k^2 = \frac{\mu_k - \alpha}{\mu_k^2}.$$

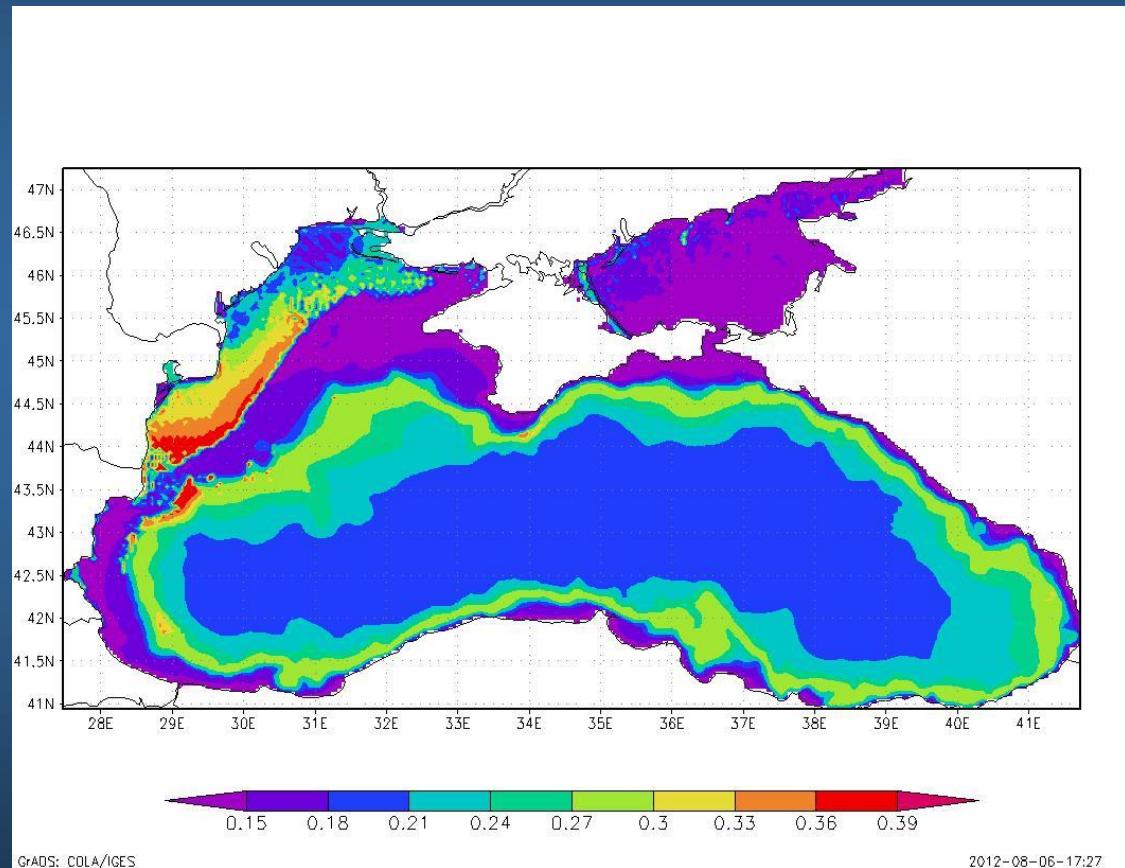
Numerical examples (Black Sea, t=20h50m)



Flux error ($t=20\text{h}50\text{m}$, $\varepsilon=0.01$)



Singular values of T_2



References

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Thank you for your attention!